REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE WAYNE COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2009 TAXES

For The Period June 13, 2009 Through April 15, 2010



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE WAYNE COUNTY SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2009 TAXES

For The Period June 13, 2009 Through April 15, 2010

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Sheriff's Settlement - 2009 Taxes for the Wayne County Sheriff for the period June 13, 2009 through April 15, 2010. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement is presented fairly in all material respects.

Financial Condition:

The Sheriff collected taxes of \$6,076,592 for the districts for 2009 taxes, retaining commissions of \$251,642 to operate the Sheriff's office. The Sheriff distributed taxes of \$5,821,243 to the districts for 2009 taxes. Taxes of \$287 are due to the districts from the Sheriff and refunds of \$483 are due to the Sheriff from the taxing districts.

Report Comments:

2009-01 The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Receipts
 2009-02 The Sheriff's Office Should Strengthen Internal Controls Over The Computerized Accounting System

Deposits:

The Sheriff's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Gregory Rankin, Wayne County Judge/Executive
Honorable Charles L. Boston, Wayne County Sheriff
Members of the Wayne County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the Wayne County Sheriff's Settlement - 2009 Taxes for the period June 13, 2009 through April 15, 2010. This tax settlement is the responsibility of the Wayne County Sheriff. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Sheriff's Tax Settlements issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the Sheriff's office prepares the financial statement in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the Wayne County Sheriff's taxes charged, credited, and paid for the period June 13, 2009 through April 15, 2010, in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 1, 2010 on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to



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provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

2009-01 The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Receipts
 2009-02 The Sheriff's Office Should Strengthen Internal Controls Over The Computerized Accounting System

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

October 1, 2010

WAYNE COUNTY CHARLES L. BOSTON, SHERIFF SHERIFF'S SETTLEMENT - 2009 TAXES

For The Period June 13, 2009 Through April 15, 2010

	_	_	_	Special	_		_	_
Charges	Cou	inty Taxes	Tax	ing Districts	Sc	hool Taxes	Sta	ate Taxes
Real Estate	\$	806,073	\$	1,187,363	\$	2,431,376	\$	780,484
Tangible Personal Property		156,637		187,687		177,746		187,346
Fire Protection		3,562						
Increases Through Exonerations		202		262		391		163
Franchise Taxes		90,777		108,379		105,099		
Additional Billings		101		146				98
Oil and Gas Property Taxes		958		1,383		2,934		927
Limestone, Sand and								
Mineral Reserves		135		195		338		130
Bank Franchises		61,733						
Penalties		5,613		8,139		16,054		5,368
Adjusted to Sheriff's Receipt		(39)		28		(5)		
Gross Chargeable to Sheriff		1,125,752		1,493,582		2,733,933		974,516
Credits								
Exonerations		5,530		7,619		13,173		3,942
Discounts		15,074		19,700		37,502		13,168
Delinquents:								
Real Estate		15,566		22,641		45,748		14,987
Tangible Personal Property		8,004		9,526		8,833		7,251
Franchise Taxes		884		1,053		990		
Total Credits		45,058		60,539		106,246		39,348
Taxes Collected		1,080,694		1,433,043		2,627,687		935,168
Less: Commissions *		45,930		60,859		105,108		39,745
m		1.004.764		1.070.104		2 522 570		005.422
Taxes Due		1,034,764		1,372,184		2,522,579		895,423
Taxes Paid		1,033,853		1,371,306		2,521,055		895,029
Refunds (Current and Prior Year)		624		878		1,795		606
Due Districts or (Refunds Due Sheriff)								

* Commissions:

4.25% on \$ 3,430,747 4% on \$ 2,645,845

as of Completion of Audit

287 \$

0 \$

(271) \$

(212)

WAYNE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

April 15, 2010

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

The Sheriff's office tax collection duties are limited to acting as an agent for assessed property owners and taxing districts. A fund is used to account for the collection and distribution of taxes. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement has been prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. Basis of accounting refers to when charges, credits, and taxes paid are reported in the settlement statement. It relates to the timing of measurements regardless of the measurement focus.

Charges are sources of revenue which are recognized in the tax period in which they become available and measurable. Credits are reductions of revenue which are recognized when there is proper authorization. Taxes paid are uses of revenue which are recognized when distributions are made to the taxing districts and others.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the Sheriff's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Deposits

The Wayne County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the Sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

WAYNE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT April 15, 2010 (Continued)

Note 2. Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the Sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Wayne County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of April 15, 2010, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Tax Collection Period

The real and personal property tax assessments were levied as of January 1, 2009. Property taxes were billed to finance governmental services for the year ended June 30, 2010. Liens are effective when the tax bills become delinquent. The collection period for these assessments was September 30, 2009 through April 15, 2010.

Note 4. Interest Income

The Wayne County Sheriff earned \$610 as interest income on 2009 taxes. The Sheriff distributed the appropriate amount to the school district as required by statute, and the remainder was used to operate the Sheriff's office. As of October 1, 2010, the Sheriff was due a refund of \$3 in interest to the school districts and owed \$8 in interest to his fee account.

Note 5. Sheriff's 10% Add-On Fee

The Wayne County Sheriff collected \$28,746 of 10% add-on fees allowed by KRS 134.119(7). This amount was used to operate the Sheriff's office. As of October 1, 2010, the Sheriff owed \$272 in 10% add-on fees to his fee account.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Gregory Rankin, Wayne County Judge/Executive Honorable Charles L. Boston Wayne County Sheriff Members of the Wayne County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the Wayne County Sheriff's Settlement - 2009 Taxes for the period June 13, 2009 through April 15, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated October 1, 2010. The Sheriff prepares his financial statement in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Wayne County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying comments and recommendations, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as items 2009-01 and 2009-02 to be material weaknesses.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Wayne County Sheriff's Settlement - 2009 Taxes for the period June 13, 2009 through April 15, 2010, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, the Wayne County Fiscal Court, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

October 1, 2010



WAYNE COUNTY CHARLES L. BOSTON, SHERIFF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Period June 13, 2009 Through April 15, 2010

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESSES:

2009-01 The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Receipts

During our review of internal controls over receipts, we noted the following control deficiency. We consider this control deficiency to be a significant deficiency and a material weakness in internal control over financial.

The Sheriff's office employs two deputies who rotate duties. However, both office deputies open mail, receive cash from customers, prepare the daily checkout sheets, post to the receipts ledger, and prepare the daily bank deposit.

Adequate segregation of duties would prevent the same person from having a significant role in the processing, recording, and reporting of receipts. Compensating controls are controls that limit the severity of a control deficiency by mitigating the effects. However, they do not eliminate the control deficiency. Compensating controls were noted during the review of internal controls over receipts but were not sufficient to limit the severity of the deficiency. The Sheriff could limit the severity of the lack of segregation of duties over receipts by implementing additional compensating controls.

Sheriff's Response: No response.

2009-02 The Sheriff's Office Should Strengthen Internal Controls Over The Computerized Accounting System

During our review of internal controls over receipts and disbursements we noted the following control deficiencies with regard to the Sheriff's computerized accounting software. We consider the control deficiencies to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting:

- The Sheriff's office does not have a computer policy and procedures manual available to all computer operators.
- Computer passwords are not changed at regular intervals.
- Computer modem is not logically turned off or physically disconnected when not in use in order to prevent unauthorized access.

We recommend the Sheriff's office strengthen internal controls over their computerized accounting system in order to prevent unauthorized access.

Sheriff's Response: No response.